

AN OFFERING IN THE BLUE CYBER SERIES:

Following the Cybersecurity DFARS in your small business contract

Version 24 June 2021

#1 in the Blue Cyber Education Series



Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and DFARS

Small Business contracts contains many FARs and DFARS, some are listed some are referenced and you have to look them up. These are not all, but some key security requirements.

What is a DFARS? The Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (**DFARS**) contains requirements of **law**, DoD-wide policies, delegations of **FAR** authorities, deviations from **FAR** requirements, and policies/procedures that have a significant effect on the public.

DFARS Clause
252.239-7010
Cloud Computing
Services

FAR Clause
252.204-21
Basic Safeguarding
of Covered
Contractor
Information Systems

DFARS Clause
252.204-7012,
Safeguarding Covered
Defense Information
and Cyber Incident
Reporting

DFARS Clause
252.204-7008
Compliance with
safeguarding
covered defense
information controls

DFARS Clause
252.204-7020
NIST SP 800-171
DoD Assessment
Requirements.

DFARS Clause
252.204-7021
Cybersecurity
Maturity Model
Certification
Requirement



DFARS Clause 252.239-7010 – Cloud Computing Services

Applies when a cloud solution is being used to process data on the DoD's behalf or DoD is contracting with Cloud Service Provider to host/process data in a cloud

Ensures that the cloud service provider:

- **Meets requirements of the DoD Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide**
- **Use government-related data only to manage the operational environment that supports the Government data and for no other purpose**
- **Complies with requirements for cyber incident reporting and damage assessment**

DFARS Clause 252.204-7012, Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting, applies when a contractor intends to use an external cloud service provider to store, process, or transmit covered defense information in the performance of a contract. DFARS Clause 252.204-7012 requires the cloud service provider to meet security requirements equivalent to those established for the Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) Moderate baseline.



FAR Clause 52.204-21 Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems

Safeguarding requirements and procedures

(1) The Contractor shall apply the following basic safeguarding requirements and procedures to protect covered contractor information systems. Requirements and procedures for basic safeguarding of covered contractor information systems shall include, at a minimum, the following security controls:

- The FAR lists 15 security controls, which correspond to 17 NIST SP 800-171 requirements

(2) *Other requirements.* This clause does not relieve the Contractor of any other specific safeguarding requirements specified by Federal agencies and departments relating to covered contractor information systems generally or other Federal safeguarding requirements for controlled unclassified information (CUI) as established by Executive Order 13556.

Flow-down the requirement

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract (including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items), in which the subcontractor may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.



DFARS Clause 252.204-7012, Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting



Report cyber incidents



Submit malicious software



Facilitate damage assessment



Safeguard covered defense information





Where to Report Cyber Incidents/Malware



To report cyber incidents that affect covered defense information or that affect the contractor's ability to perform requirements designated as operationally critical support, the Contractor shall conduct a review for evidence of compromise and rapidly report cyber incidents to DoD at <https://dibnet.dod.mil> via an incident collection form (ICF).



If discovered and isolated in connection with a reported cyber incident, the contractor/ subcontractor shall submit the malicious software to the DoD Cyber Crime Center (DC3). Also, <https://dibnet.dod.mil>



If DoD elects to conduct a damage assessment, the Contracting Officer will be notified by the requiring activity to request media and damage assessment information from the contractor



Safeguard Covered Defense Information (CDI)



CDI is defined as unclassified controlled technical information (CTI) or other information as described in the DOD CUI Registry

AND is marked as CDI

OR otherwise identified in the contract and provided to the contractor by DoD in support of performance of the contract;

OR collected/developed/received/transmitted/used/ stored by the contractor in performance of contract.



Safeguard CDI: What is CUI?



Detailed training on what constitutes CUI is available from the DOD at this link:

<https://www.dodcui.mil>

DoD Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

CUI Awareness and Marking

November 2020

<https://www.dodcui.mil>

CLEARED
For Open Publication
Apr 01, 2021
Department of Defense
OFFICE OF PREPUBLICATION AND SECURITY REVIEW

**SLIDES ONLY
NO SCRIPT PROVIDED**

21-S-0588



Safeguard CDI: What is CTI?



Controlled Technical Information (CTI) means technical information with military or space application that is subject to controls on the access, use, reproduction, modification, performance, display, release, disclosure, or dissemination.

Controlled technical information is to be marked.

The term does not include information that is lawfully publicly available without restrictions.

"Technical Information" means technical data or computer software, as those terms are defined in Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement clause 252.227-7013, "Rights in Technical Data - Noncommercial Items"

Examples of technical information include: research and engineering data, engineering drawings, and associated lists, specifications, standards, process sheets, manuals, technical reports, technical orders, catalog-item identifications, data sets, studies and analyses and related information, and computer software executable code and source code.



Implementation of NIST SP 800-171

Implementation of the NIST SP 800-171 involves implementing and documenting the 110 security requirements listed in the document.

- The implementation of security requirements is recorded in a System Security Plan (NIST SP 800-171 security requirement 3.12.4) and
- Any un-implemented security requirement and its interim plan to provide alternative, but equally effective, security measure is recorded in a Plan of Action with Milestones, called a POAM (NIST SP 800-171 security requirement 3.13.2)

Help with understanding the NIST SP 800-171 security requirements is found at this link:
<https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/hb/2017/NIST.HB.162.pdf>



DFARS Clause 252.204-7008 Compliance with safeguarding covered defense information controls

States “By submission of this offer, the Offeror represents that it will implement the security requirements specified by NIST SP 800-171, ... not later than December 31, 2017.

If the Offeror proposes to vary from any of the security requirements specified by NIST SP 800-171 ..., the Offeror shall submit to the Contracting Officer, for consideration by the DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO), a written explanation of:

- **Why a particular security requirement is not applicable**
- **How an alternative but equally effective**, security measure is used to compensate for the inability to satisfy a particular requirement and achieve equivalent protection.
- **An authorized representative of the DoD CIO** will adjudicate offeror requests to vary from NIST SP 800-171 requirements in writing **prior to contract award**. Any accepted variance from NIST SP 800-171 shall be incorporated into the resulting contract.



DFARS Clause 252.204-7020 NIST SP 800-171 DoD Assessment Requirements.



Self-Assessment



Submit information to SPRS.CSD.DISA.MIL



Flow the Requirement Down



Update your Self-Assessment



NIST SP 800-171

NIST SP 800-171



NIST SP 800-171 DoD Assessment Requirements



This clause applies to covered contractor information systems that are required to comply with the NIST(SP) 800-171, in accordance with DFARS clause at 252.204-7012, Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting



Supplier Performance Risk System (SPRS) is a sophisticated website is ready to record your Self-Assessment <https://www.sprs.csd.disa.mil/pdf/NISTSP800-171QuickEntryGuide.pdf>



The Contractor shall not award a subcontract or other contractual instrument, that is subject to the implementation of NIST SP 800-171 security requirements, in accordance with DFARS clause 252.204-7012 of this contract, unless the subcontractor has completed, within the last 3 years, at least a Basic NIST SP 800-171 DoD Assessment



DFARS Clause 252.204-7021 Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification Requirement

This is not a requirement for you until 1 Oct 2025, unless you are entered into an official DOD CMMC Pilot, as a prime or sub to a prime.

However, it will take time to achieve CMMC compliance and you should not wait to begin preparations.

Stay up-to-date at www.acq.osd.mil/cmmc/index.html



Prohibition on Contracting for some items

SBIR/STTR contract contains many requirements. Many talk to not contracting with certain entities for certain items.

FAR 52.204-23

Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities

FAR 52.204-25

Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment



52.204-23 Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities.

Section 1634 of Division A of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 115-91) prohibits Government use of any covered article. The Contractor is prohibited from—

- (1) Providing
- (2) Using

You must report exceptions

In the event the Contractor identifies a covered article provided to the Government during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or any other source, the Contractor shall report, in writing, to the Contracting Officer or, in the case of the Department of Defense, to the website at <https://dibnet.dod.mil>.

You must Flow the requirement down to subcontractors

All of these DFARS have many facets; this briefing is a high-level look

Covered article means any hardware, software, or service that—

- (1) Is developed or provided by a covered entity;
- (2) Includes any hardware, software, or service developed or provided in whole or in part by a covered entity; or
- (3) Contains components using any hardware or software developed in whole or in part by a covered entity.

Covered entity means—

- (1) Kaspersky Lab;
- (2) Any successor entity to Kaspersky Lab;
- (3) Any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Kaspersky Lab; or
- (4) Any entity of which Kaspersky Lab has a majority ownership.



FAR 52.204-25 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment

Prohibition

Prohibits the head of an executive agency, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception has been granted

- Nor may you enter into a contract, or extend or renew a contract, with a *Covered foreign country, which* means The People's Republic of China

Reporting requirement

In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information to the Contracting Officer, in the case of the Department of Defense, the Contractor shall report to the website at <https://dibnet.dod.mil>.



Any Questions?

- This briefing is not a substitute for reading the FARS/DFARS
- Resources and more modules like this are coming every day!
- Please provide questions, feedback or if you just want to talk about your cyber security /data protection questions to:
Kelley.Kiernan@us.af.mil
 - Office hours daily for answering/researching **your** DAF Small Business questions!